





## Transforming Vaccine Supply Chain in DRC: Political Leadership as a Driving Force

TECHNET - DAY 4

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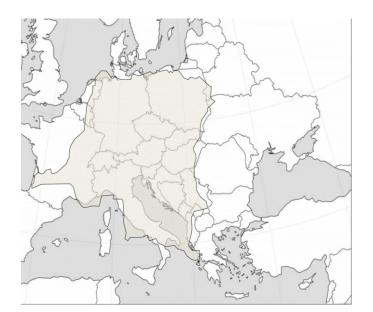
### **Outline**

- DRC Context
- DRC supply chain challenges
- Distribution is Complex and Expensive
- Moving to Decentralize Distribution
- Support for a System Design Approach
- Modeling
- NGCA Initiative in Equateur DRC
- NGCA: Accomplishments and Learning
- Political Leadership as a Driving Force for Successful Change
- Next Steps
- My Aim

### **DRC Context**

#### Large and diverse

- Largest country in SSA –
   2.3M km2
- 94M people 60% rural
- 3.8M live births



### Decentralized health system

 26 provinces and 516 Health districts

### A robust health system foundation

- WPV controlled since 6 years
- 8830 health centers
- 4350 new refrigerators
- 44 cold rooms at provincial levels
- 20 cold rooms at national

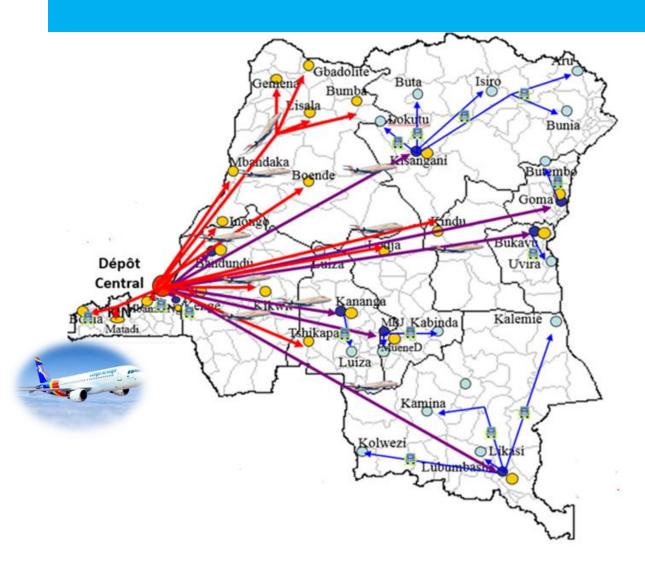
## Supply Chain challenges: Why DRC's Supply Chain Is

a «Casse-Tête»

Accessibility	<ul><li>Large distances</li><li>Difficult roads</li><li>High transport costs</li></ul>
HR	<ul> <li>Staff unstable and not motivated</li> <li>Insufficient supervision</li> </ul>
Cold Chain	<ul><li>Insufficient cold chain</li><li>Lack of maintenance</li></ul>

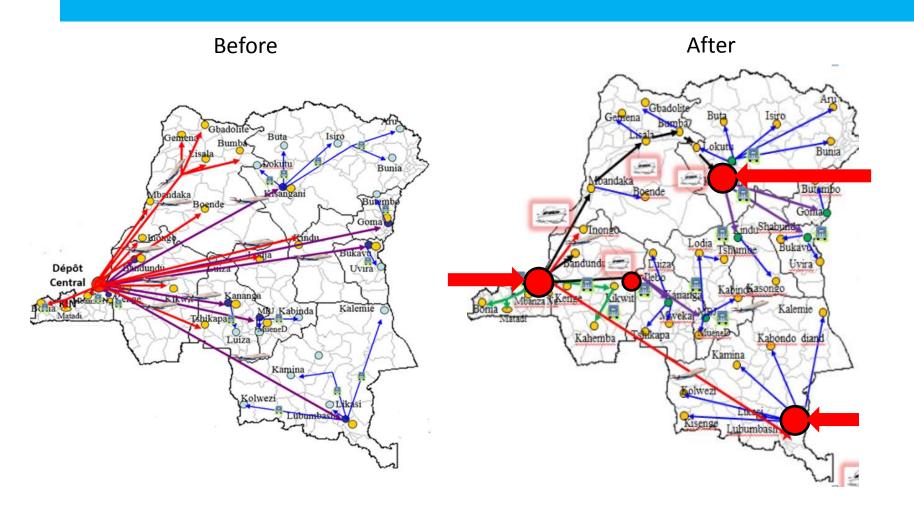


## Distribution is Complex and Expensive



- Single point of entry
- 80% distribution by plane
- More than 27 destinations
- More than USD\$2M yearly

### Moving to Decentralize Distribution



## Support for a System Design Approach

#### Open to innovation

- ✓ Inspired by other countries' experiences
- ✓ New approaches allowing more flexibility
- ✓ Better understanding of barriers between provincial medical stores and health centers
- Commitment to invest necessary resources
  - ✓ Financial
  - ✓ Human resources
  - ✓ Political will
- Embarking on this journey with the strong engagement and collaboration of all key stakeholders



# Modeling for helping stakeholders identify opportunities for improvement

### **Key questions:**

 How do we most efficiently access hard-to-reach areas while increasing availability?

- Is CCE capacity sufficient?
- Is resource sharing between programs a feasible strategy at lower levels?



# NGCA Initiative in Equateur DRC: an informed and budgeted action plan

### iSC design changes

- Direct delivery from provincial warehouse to a sub-set of "accessible" SDPs
- "Inaccessible" SDPs resupplied from the closest/lest costly to access site with CCE, regardless of whether it is a zonal warehouse or another SDP
- Two-month resupply cycle for rural zones

### **Professionalization of logistics**

Distribution by logistics professionals = opportunity for QA + supervision and time savings for zones and SDPs

### **Coordination and resource sharing**

Transport of commodities across all health programs is coordinated and, where feasible, integrated

 Modeling shows that EPI products use <10% of vehicle/boat capacity leaving sufficient space for non-EPI products

### NGCA: Accomplishments and Learning

### **Main Accomplishments**

- 1<sup>st</sup> direct distribution of vaccine + family planning products
- Systemic supportive supervision at all sub-provincial levels
- Leadership course started
- Costing and financial flows studies on the way
- Request from Minister of Health for scale up beyond Equateur

### **Key learning**

- The complexity of distribution routes and the long distances between storage sites;
- The NGCA initiative does not have its own inland waterway transport;
- The negligence of the service providers in the maintenance of the management tools;
- No supervision received from Health District team in the majority of health centers;
- Insufficient storage of Isothermal boxes / accumulators.

# Political Leadership as a Driving Force for Successful Change

- Efficiently navigating multiple levels of governments: central, provincial, health zones (what role different levels played) to streamline the process for decision making
- Building on synergies to optimize resources sharing across supply chains
- Creating momentum for growing and continuing engagement of all stakeholders

### **Next Steps**

- Capitalize the experience of VillageReach in the redesign of iSC system (e.g. organize a system design workshop at central level
- Modernize the logistics information system for decisionmaking (OpenLMIS, favorable option)
- Identify resource sharing opportunity with other MOH programs and directorates
- Organize trainings to update knowledge of logisticians
- Set up pools of cold chain maintenance in provinces
- Improve cold chain coverage at the operational level and in some provinces
- Conduct vaccine management assessments (self-GEV and external GEV)

## My Aim

- Availabilities of vaccines at all SITES
- Stability of trained STAFF
- Modernization of Supply Chain that will help collect all DATA – an alarm in my phone when there is a stock out ©
- Extension of NGCA in other PROVINCES
- Solarization of all vaccins cold rooms and provide all health in solar refrigerators.

### THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

**QUESTIONS???**